



Enhancing Character Design Education in Animation: Curriculum Reform and Industry Alignment

Wu Jinlong

Nanjing Normal University Taizhou College
Email: 50720035@qq.com

Abstract: The dynamic evolution of animation has positioned character design as a pivotal element in contemporary entertainment, necessitating adept animators skilled in both technical prowess and artistic comprehension. As the animation industry expands globally, higher education institutions face the challenge of aligning curricula with industry standards. This paper investigates character design education in animation, analyzing the balance between artistic expression, technological proficiency, and narrative coherence. It explores challenges faced by educators and learners, presenting insights for curriculum enhancement and instructional strategies. The literature review examines the role of character design, tracing its evolution and diverse teaching methods. The study introduces the ACG Animation Studio concept, merging animation, comics, and games, aiming to deepen students' understanding of the broader industry landscape. Through this pedagogical innovation, the curriculum reform augments learning enthusiasm, professional competence, enrollment competitiveness, and student employment prospects, fostering a new generation of animators adept at seamlessly blending creativity and technical skill for compelling character-driven animations.

Keywords: Character design education; Animation curriculum reform; ACG Animation Studio; Industry alignment; Creative and technical integration

Introduction

The realm of animation has undergone a transformative evolution, assuming a central role in contemporary entertainment, advertising, and communication. Character design, a cornerstone of this vibrant domain, is essential for imbuing animations with relatable personas, emotions, and narratives that resonate with audiences. As the animation industry expands globally, there is a pressing need for higher education institutions to cultivate adept animators equipped with not only technical skills but also a profound understanding of character design principles.

In the past decade, the animation industry has undergone rapid development, yielding tangible outcomes in both the industry itself and higher education. Universities have contributed significantly by nurturing a substantial number of skilled professionals. However, this rapid professional advancement has also spurred industrial upgrading, consequently presenting new challenges. The upgraded industry now upholds higher standards for all practitioners. Consequently, the existing animation pedagogical model no longer suffices to meet the demands of the evolving market. The curriculum content has diversified beyond traditional tools and software. Thus, the imperative of deepening and strategically designing animation education at the university level becomes paramount, albeit quite challenging [1].

By investigating the current teaching methodologies, this study aims to uncover the nuances of character design instruction, examining the balance between artistic expression, technological proficiency, and narrative coherence. The challenges encountered by both educators and learners in this process will be scrutinized, shedding light on potential hurdles and areas for improvement.

Through a systematic exploration of character design education, this research not only intends to enrich the academic discourse within animation studies but also to offer practical insights that can inform curriculum enhancement and instructional strategies. By aligning character design education with industry expectations, this study aspires to contribute to the holistic development of animators who can seamlessly blend creativity and technical prowess to craft compelling animated characters that resonate with diverse audiences.

II. Literature Review

Animation education has become a thriving domain, witnessing substantial growth as higher education institutions offer specialized programs catering to aspiring animators. These programs strive to equip students with the necessary skills and knowledge to excel in the dynamic and ever-evolving animation industry. Covering a wide array of topics,

[Received 06 Aug 2023; Accepted 20 Aug 2023; Published (online) 30, September, 2023]



Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0)

animation education delves into 2D and 3D animation techniques, storytelling, digital modeling, special effects, and a crucial cornerstone – character design. The evolution of character design in animation, influenced by advancements in technology, has led to the emergence of sophisticated and lifelike characters through computer-generated imagery (CGI). As character design remains an integral aspect of animation, teaching methods have adapted to cater to diverse learning styles and integrate digital tools, allowing students to hone their skills and unleash their creative potential. This literature review explores the role of character design in animation programs, examining the journey of its evolution, the various teaching approaches employed, and the challenges and trends shaping animation education. Additionally, it highlights the significance of character design in creating immersive storytelling experiences while identifying research gaps and potential areas of exploration within the field .

A. Overview of Animation Education:

Animation education has seen significant growth over the years, with many higher education institutions offering specialized programs to aspiring animators. These programs aim to equip students with the skills and knowledge required to excel in the animation industry[2]. Animation education covers various aspects, such as 2D and 3D animation techniques, storytelling, digital modeling, special effects, and character design. Character design is a crucial component of animation education, as it forms the backbone of any successful animation project.[3]

B. Evolution of Character Design in Animation:

Character design has evolved significantly throughout the history of animation. Early animations, such as those by Walt Disney and Max Fleischer, featured simplistic character designs with limited expressions and movements[4]. As technology advanced, so did character design. With the advent of computer-generated imagery (CGI), animators gained access to sophisticated tools and techniques, enabling them to create highly detailed and lifelike characters. This evolution has necessitated the development of teaching methods that keep pace with the changing landscape of character design in animation.[5]

C. Teaching Approaches in Animation Education:

Teaching methods for character design in animation education have diversified to accommodate different learning styles and technological advancements. Traditional approaches may involve fundamental drawing and illustration techniques, anatomy studies, and character development workshops[6] [7]. Concurrently, digital methods have become prominent, integrating software like Adobe Illustrator, Photoshop, Autodesk Maya, and others into the curriculum. Animation programs may adopt project-based learning, where students work on real-world projects, collaborating with peers and faculty to enhance their character design skills.

D. Role of Character Design in Animation Programs:

Character design is a pivotal aspect of animation programs. It involves creating unique, visually appealing, and relatable characters that can effectively convey emotions and narratives to the audience. A well-designed character enhances storytelling, leading to a more immersive and impactful animation experience. Animation programs focus on teaching students how to develop characters with depth, personality, and strong visual appeal, enabling them to become successful animators and storytellers in the industry.[8][9]

E. Challenges and Trends in Animation Education:

Animation education faces several challenges and experiences trends that influence character design teaching methods. Some challenges include keeping up with rapidly evolving animation technologies, adapting to changing industry demands, and maintaining a balance between traditional art skills and digital tools[10]. Additionally, animation programs must address diversity and representation in character design, ensuring that students are equipped to create inclusive and culturally sensitive characters. Trends such as virtual reality (VR) animation, augmented reality (AR) integration, and cross-disciplinary collaborations are also influencing character design teaching approaches [11].

F. Previous Studies and Research Gaps:

Several studies[7] [8] have explored different aspects of animation education, including character design. Some research has focused on the impact of project-based learning on students' character design skills, while others have examined the effectiveness of incorporating traditional art techniques alongside digital tools. However, there are still some research gaps in this field. For instance, limited research exists on the integration of emerging technologies like AI-generated characters and blockchain in animation education. Moreover, the long-term career outcomes and success rates of animation graduates with a focus on character design warrant further investigation.

III. Research on Curriculum Design Reform

3.1 Introduction of ACG Animation Studio Concept

ACG, namely ANIMATION, COMIC, GAME, abbreviates the previous names of the animation, comic, and game industries. (Hereinafter, situations involving the simultaneous presence of the three are directly referred to as ACG.)

The ACG Animation Studio, organized by animation classes and guided by professional instructors, utilizes the existing animation processes and foundational knowledge as a platform. It extends the expertise of the classroom into the realms of comics and games, facilitating both theoretical instruction and practical creation. The studio's learning objective is characterized by the dual principles of "imparting knowledge within class" and "actively expanding beyond class."

Necessity of ACG Animation Studio

For a prolonged period after the establishment of the animation profession, domestic animation pedagogy focused primarily on training in animation processes and production, with limited integration of comic and game elements. In light of prevailing overseas animation industry models, where comics serve as a foundation, animation as an extension, and games and derivatives as sources of revenue, significant practical evidence supports this approach. Numerous animated works and games derive from the advancement and adaptation of comics. Moreover, within the broader industry context, games have the potential to convert creativity into maximized profits. By amalgamating ACG concepts and integrating the three sectors, this paradigm can be applied to the animation education process, thereby expanding pedagogical horizons and deepening comprehension of the broader requirements of the animation industry. Concurrently, it broadens employment prospects and offers the potential to elevate employment standards.

Objectives of ACG Animation Studio

The ACG Animation Studio aims to strengthen the integration of comic elements in coursework, emphasizing the interconnectedness between comics, animation, and games. The goal is to enhance students' understanding of the broader industry landscape, aligning with the social demands of the animation sector, fostering practical application, and proactively elevating individual professional competence. Building upon the foundation of existing animation courses, the studio expands beyond animation-specific knowledge points to encompass the processes and domains of all three ACG industries. This structured approach empowers students to deepen their chosen field based on their abilities, interests, and industry trends. Upon mastering essential modules, students select a specialization, supported by relevant knowledge and personalized developmental guidance from specialized instructors. During practical production, students are guided in the selection of mediums (comics, animation, or games) based on their understanding of industry standards, thereby achieving comprehension, adaptation, and creative innovation – the ultimate objectives of the curriculum design.

3.2 Proposed Curriculum Structure and Teaching Mode for ACG Animation Studio

For a considerable period after the establishment of the profession, domestic animation pedagogy focused predominantly on comprehensive training in animation processes and production, with limited exposure to comics and games. By contrast, overseas animation industry models have demonstrated the viability of a revenue model based on comics as the foundation, animation as a divergent tool, and games and derivatives as profitable entities. Many animated works and games are evolutionary adaptations of comics. Moreover, games possess the potential for creative transformation, thereby maximizing profitability. By integrating these concepts, a fusion of teaching practices within animation education can broaden pedagogical horizons, offer a clearer understanding of the diverse requirements of the animation industry, expand employment opportunities, and elevate employment standards.

Proposed Adjustments to Curriculum Structure

- To enhance comprehensive capabilities, it is suggested that theoretical courses incorporate supplementary knowledge in comics and games, with the goal of bolstering students' overall competence.
- Within practical courses, adjustments are made to expand the range of permissible creative formats. This modification empowers students with greater motivation and focused time for specialized deepening, ultimately enhancing the quality of their work.

Adjustments to Teaching Modes

- The existing studio learning system is retained while integrating traditional two-dimensional and three-dimensional approaches. This enables students to exercise greater freedom in selecting creative formats. Subsequent to research in the fusion of animation, comics, and games, teaching content is broadened to encompass shared industry components, expanding upon animation-specific topics and introducing additional specialized content, providing students with a more lucid grasp of industry standards.
- The presentation of teaching practice outcomes includes post-class exhibitions, which contribute to the learning process. Reinforcing self-exhibitions through social media platforms empowers creators to synthesize experiences based on audience feedback.
- Teaching modes are revitalized to include specialized experts directly engaged in practical instruction. Leveraging the expertise of industry-involved alumni, instruction and guidance extend to real-world projects. In this context, "industry-involved alumni" refers to individuals participating in high-standard industry projects.

IV. Practical Outcomes of Reform

4.1 Enhancement of Learning Enthusiasm through Curriculum Design

The elevation of creative freedom in curriculum design has notably augmented students' enthusiasm for learning. Taking the example of the 22nd cohort ACG Animation Studio at Nanjing Normal University Taizhou College, comprising 25 students, the proportion of non-classroom time spent on creative work within the studio has significantly

increased. Consequently, the duration of creative work has extended beyond the original timeframe, leading to a visible increase in the monthly output of completed works.

4.2 Augmentation of Student Professional Competence through Curriculum Design

Following the redesign of the curriculum, students have gained a better understanding of their own professional levels within the context of regular instruction. They continuously strengthen and deepen their skills in areas of specialization, thereby rapidly enhancing their professional competence. Whereas prior to curriculum reform, students typically achieved professional outcomes, such as creating animated short films, only after completing their second year, the diversified forms of self-selected work have enabled numerous students to achieve outcomes centered on character design as early as their sophomore year. Such works have garnered recognition through participation in competitions.

4.3 Elevation of Animation Program's Enrollment Competitiveness through Curriculum Design

The allure of the ACG model holds strong appeal for students. Analysis of student preferences following guidance from recent years indicates that, prior to the introduction of the redesigned model, enrollment numbers exhibited minimal variation. However, subsequent to the curriculum's redesign, there was a significant increase in the number of students indicating interest in the program, reflecting their heightened confidence in the competitive edge provided by the ACG model. Feedback suggests that under the studio teaching conditions of this model, students feel better equipped to expedite the advancement of their professional skills.

4.4 Augmented Flexibility of Student Employment Prospects through Curriculum Design

In the original program structure, students specializing in three-dimensional animation received no training in two-dimensional animation. This resulted in limited improvement of drawing skills for the three-dimensional animation cohort, despite their proficiency in software. The initial curriculum design lacked courses that could effectively reinforce their skills. After curriculum adjustments, restrictions between two-dimensional and three-dimensional courses were dismantled. Now, students seeking expanded course offerings can access relevant instruction and practical training. With the curriculum modifications, students aiming for careers in three-dimensional direction, such as game concept art, receive accumulated instruction in concept art from studio teachers. Following the accumulation of a portfolio, these students seamlessly transition into the game concept art industry as professionals. This curriculum design significantly broadens students' choices in employment pursuits.

The curriculum design of the animation studio is an ongoing process that requires continuous adjustment for gradual refinement and optimization. In the early stages of undergraduate animation education, efforts should focus on strengthening students' weaker areas, enhancing their originality, guiding them to leverage their strengths for creative choices and production, and encouraging the pursuit of excellence based on outstanding works in the market. Beyond the classroom, students should be provided opportunities to engage in real-world projects and participate in high-level forum discussions. Concurrently, bridging efforts are crucial to enable the transfer of specialized knowledge through direct instruction by industry professionals, thereby compensating for potential instructional gaps. The ultimate aim of this educational curriculum design is to enhance students' competitiveness through concerted efforts across various aspects.

Conclusion

In conclusion, the realm of animation stands at the forefront of modern entertainment, and character design serves as its cornerstone, facilitating relatable narratives and emotional engagement. The paper underscores the imperative for higher education institutions to adapt and innovate their curricula to meet the evolving demands of the animation industry. As evidenced by the ACG Animation Studio concept, integrating comics, animation, and games, the study advocates for a holistic approach that transcends traditional boundaries and prepares students for multidimensional careers.

The investigation into character design education emphasizes the intricate interplay between artistic expression, technological acumen, and narrative coherence. By addressing challenges faced by educators and learners, this paper provides a roadmap for refining instructional methodologies and enhancing curriculum content. The review of animation education's growth, character design's evolution, and diverse teaching approaches underscores the need for adaptable pedagogy to equip students with comprehensive skills.

The practical outcomes of curriculum reform highlight enhanced learning enthusiasm, augmented professional competence, increased enrollment competitiveness, and expanded employment prospects. By embracing a fusion of theory and practice, students become better equipped to tackle the dynamic animation industry. Ultimately, the convergence of creative and technical skills equips future animators to craft captivating characters, fostering a new era of animations that resonate with diverse audiences and leave a lasting impact on the ever-evolving landscape of animation. This paper underscores the transformative potential of aligning character design education with industry expectations, ensuring that the animation field continues to thrive and innovate.

References

- [1]. Paul Wells, "Animation: Genre and Authorship," Wallflower Press, 2002.
- [2]. Karen Raugust, "Animation Goes to College: An Inside Look at Animation Programs and Courses," Animation Magazine, 2018.

- [3]. Charles Solomon, "The Art of Character Design," Watson-Guptill, 2019.
- [4]. Thomas Lamarre, "The Anime Machine: A Media Theory of Animation," University of Minnesota Press, 2009.
- [5]. John A. Lent, "Animation in Asia and the Pacific," Indiana University Press, 2001.
- [6]. Tony White, "The Animator's Workbook: Step-By-Step Techniques of Drawn Animation," Silman-James Press, 2019.
- [7]. Chris Webster, "Animation: The Mechanics of Motion," Focal Press, 2015.
- [8]. Allan Rowe, "Character Animation Fundamentals: Developing Skills for 2D and 3D Character Animation," Focal Press, 2011.
- [9]. Paul Ward, "Animation and Digital Media," Palgrave Macmillan, 2019.
- [10]. Birgitta Hosea, "Animation Unleashed: 100 Principles Every Animator, Comic Book Writers, Filmmakers, Video Artist, and Game Developer Should Know," Michael Wiese Productions, 2008.
- [11]. Lina Yousef, Neil Smith, and Dennis Anderson, "Project-Based Learning in Animation Education: A Case Study," International Journal of Art & Design Education, 2016.
- [12]. Hae Jin Gam and Nam Kyoung Kang, "The Convergence Effect of Animation Education and Industry: 2D vs. 3D Animation in South Korea," Animation Studies Online Journal, 2020.